



HEATING SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR PREVENTION OF SEPTIC SYSTEM FREEZE-UP

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

- [0001] The present invention relates to preventing freeze-up in septic systems. In particular, the present invention is a system and method of directing warm air down through a septic system in order to prevent the septic system from freezing up in cold-weather locations.
- [0002] The applicant has been aware of prior-art attempts to solve septic system freeze-up. Such attempts included a thawing method typically delivered by a specialized vendor. The thawing method utilizes a hot water heater and pumps which are used to pump hot water down into the septic system through clean-out access pipes, which typically are capped vertical pipes each of which go up to above-ground level from a portion of the septic system, such as up from the septic tank, drop boxes, or connecting sewer pipe.
- [0003] Upon searching other prior art solutions, the applicant found an attempt to solve septic system freeze-up by forming over the septic system at ground level an insulating ground cover with hay, leaves, or similar material. Still another attempt used electric "thermo" tape extended down through the system, e.g., down through the clean-out access pipe to the drainfield drop box (which connects into the sewer pipe running from the septic tank), and "snaking" the heater tape through the sewer pipe, into the first drop box.
- [0004] In addition, the applicant is aware of the following patents related to heating devices for cold-climate freeze-up prevention:

3,758,748 – Reid – SYSTEM FOR REMOVING SNOW AND ICE FROM
PAVED SURFACES

4,139,321 – Werner – ROCK CHANNEL HEAT STORAGE

4,257,239 – Partin et al. – EARTH COIL HEATING AND COOLING SYSTEM

5,441,632 – Charon – SEPTIC SYSTEM WITH ABOVE-GROUND SEPTIC TANK

5,596,836 - Benson – UNDERGROUND SYSTEM FOR TREATING SOIL

6,482,322 – Tsigonis - APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR TREATING SEWAGE IN COLD CLIMATES

[0005] Of the patents listed above, U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,441,632 (the '632 patent) and 6,482,322 (the '322 patent) are directed to septic systems.

[0006] The '632 patent discloses a septic system having an above-ground septic tank which is installed in a house for which it is to be used, or within an enclosure attached to the house. The septic system includes an electric heater and thermostatic switch for preventing the septic tank from freezing. Note that the septic system of the '632 patent does not connect to an underground septic system.

[0007] The '322 patent discloses a method and apparatus for treating sewage in cold climates including a pretreatment stage, an aerobic treatment stage, and a discharge stage, where cold outside air is combined with warm re-circulating air from within the sewage treatment system to provide oxygen for the aerobic treatment of the sewage. A blower draws in the air from the fresh air intake and the one or more re-circulating air intakes, and blows this air out an outlet. The treated sewage is discharged intermittently in high volume, high flow-rate batches to prevent freezing. As with the system of the '632 patent, note that the system of the '322 patent does not connect to an underground septic system.

[0008] Previously attempted solutions to septic system freeze-up are difficult, messy, marginally successful, and/or relatively complex. There is no known simple, reliable system for preventing freeze-up in septic systems. The present invention provides the simple solution.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0009] The present invention is a septic heater system and method for preventing freeze-up in a septic system. The invention typically is used with a previously-installed septic system that includes a septic tank, drop boxes, connecting sewer pipe, a drainfield, and one or more vertical access/cleanout pipes which rise from one or more portions of the septic system to access ports at or above ground level. The present heater system, which is adapted for connection to the vertical access clean-out pipes, comprises a heater and fan system defining an output port for providing a flow of heated air at the heater output port. The heater output port is defined by a structure configured for coupling the output port to an access/cleanout pipe. The heater and fan system, when activated to provide the flow of heated air and when coupled to an access/cleanout pipe, prevents septic-system freeze-up by delivering the heated air down the access/cleanout pipe to the septic system.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0010] Fig. 1 is a schematic profile view of a typical gravity septic system.

[0011] Fig. 2 is a schematic plan view of a typical gravity septic system.

[0012] Fig. 3. shows a schematic of one embodiment of the disclosed septic heater system.

[0013] It is to be noted that Figs. 1-3 are not to scale.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0014] The present invention has been developed to overcome the problem of septic-system freeze-up in the winter. For the purposes of the present application,

although specific portions of septic systems are sometimes referred to, a septic system is defined to include a septic tank, drop boxes, connecting sewer pipe, a drainfield, and vertical access/cleanout pipes which rise from one or more portions of the septic system to access ports at or above ground level. Septic system freezing has been a particular problem during winters in Minnesota and other northern states. Problems are especially severe when there have been exceptionally low temperatures, concurrent with little snow to serve as insulating ground cover.

[0015] When a septic system freezes, the flow of effluent from the septic tank is obstructed, causing the septic system to back up and become inoperative.

[0016] As shown in schematic septic-system views of Figs. 1 and 2, a sewer pipe **100** normally extends from a house **102** to a septic tank **104** and then on via a sewer pipe **100** to a series of drop boxes **14** and a drainfield **15**. At the house end of the sewer pipe **100**, the sewer pipe is connected to a vent **106** which typically protrudes from the roof of the house, and to a soil stack vent **108**.

[0017] The septic system includes access/cleanout pipes which typically run up to or above ground level from the septic system, such as from any one or more of the septic tank, the sewer pipe, and drop boxes.

[0018] As shown in Fig. 3, each drop box **14** typically is in the nature of a manifold having multiple pipe connections such as **16**, **18** and **20**. As shown, additional pipes **22** and **24** (typically PVC) extend out from each drop box **14** into the drainfield to convey the sewage effluent into the underground drainfield.

[0019] A conventional system often includes a number of four-inch schedule 40 PVC or other suitable access/cleanout pipes **26** that extend from the septic system up to or above the ground level with a service cap (not shown) on the access port. It is possible to have a number of drop box manifolds within the septic system. Multiple drop boxes **14** are typically connected to one another for further distribution of the effluent into the drainfield, and each drop box typically has its

own access/cleanout pipe rising from the drop box to an access port at an above ground location. Note that, as shown in Figs. 1 and 2, access/cleanout pipes can also run upward to above ground level from septic tank **104** and sewer pipe **100**.

[0020] In any case, the present invention as an apparatus or method typically envisions connecting hot air to one or more of the access/cleanout pipes in order to prevents septic-system freeze-up by delivering the heated air down the access/cleanout pipes to the septic system.

[0021] One embodiment of the present system is shown in Fig. 1. The embodiment shown is an apparatus connectable to the top of a vertical access/cleanout pipe **26** (at the location where the service cap on the corresponding access port would normally be located). The apparatus is adaptable for directing warm or hot air down into the septic system through one or more of the access/cleanout pipes **26**. Access/cleanout pipes **26** each may be a 4-inch sewer pipe. For this purpose, a "heater fan" or blower assembly **28** comprising a blower (not shown) and electric heater coil or other form of heat (not shown) is mounted in a weatherproof housing **12** having a removable cover **30**.

[0022] An insulated output port or coupling pipe **32** made of PVC or other suitable material is connected between the bottom or air intake **34** of the housing **12** and a vertical access/cleanout pipe **26** which extends down to the septic system. One or more portions of housing **12**, such as for example the bottom **34** of housing **12**, is adapted to provide an air intake **34** which permits air to flow into the heater fan or blower assembly **28**.

[0023] The overall assembly of the weatherproof housing, removable roof and output port may be stabilized when positioned over an access/cleanout pipe **26** by using adjustable or other poles or supports **40** running diagonally between the ground and the assembly, such as from the ground to the output port or coupling pipe **32**.

[0024] Output port or coupling pipe 32 may be on the order of two feet to five feet in height in order to position the heater fan housing a suitable distance above ground level so that leaves, snow and other debris will not be sucked into the blower or fan.

[0025] A thermostatic control unit 38 is shown mounted under the removable cover 30 in the housing. Control unit 38 is set to activate the heater fan at a predetermined, low outdoor temperature that could otherwise cause the septic system to undergo freeze-up.

[0026] Warm air directed by the heater fan or blower system 28 down through one or more access/cleanout pipes 26 is directed down into the septic system. Such a structure and method keep the septic system warm to avoid freeze-up.

[0027] Note that the present system and method may be employed by any simple method or any simple apparatus for blowing heated air down into the access/cleanout pipes protruding up from one or more portions of the septic system. Accordingly, the claims of the present application are not to be limited to any particular embodiment or method, but rather only by the limitations of the claims.